
SimpleIdServer Documentation

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Mar 04, 2021

Getting started

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EFCore.Cassandra is an Entity Framework Core provider built on top of [CassandraCSharpDriver](#). It allows you to use EF Core O/RM with cassandra.

Github: <https://github.com/simpleidserver/EFCore.Cassandra>

Nuget feed: <https://www.myget.org/F/advance-ict/api/v3/index.json>

CHAPTER 1

Getting started with Entity Framework Core provider for Cassandra

Note: Sample project can be found on this [url](#).

1.1 Install the nuget package

Create an empty DOTNET CORE project and install the nuget package `EFCore.Cassandra`. Similarly to any `EFCore` project, create a class which inherits `DbContext` and add models.

1.2 Configure DbContext

Open the `DbContext` implementation, override the `OnConfiguring` method and configure database access:

```
optionsBuilder.UseCassandra("Contact Points=127.0.0.1;", opt =>
{
    opt.MigrationsHistoryTable(HistoryRepository.DefaultTableName, "<schema name>");
});
```

1.2.1 Configure keyspaces

Definition : A keyspace in Cassandra is a namespace that defines data replication on nodes. A cluster contains one keyspace per node.

In order to configure a keyspace, open the `DbContext` implementation and insert the following line in the `OnModelCreating` method:

```
modelBuilder.ForCassandraAddKeyspace("<keyspace name>", ↴
    KeyspaceReplicationSimpleStrategy());
```

This method contains two parameters:

- Keyspace name.
- Replication strategy.

There are two replication strategies:

- **KeyspaceReplicationSimpleStrategyClass** : Use only for a single datacenter and one rack.
- **KeyspaceReplicationNetworkTopologyStrategyClass** : Use when you have your cluster deployed across multiple datacenters.

1.2.2 Configure tables

Definition : data is stored in tables containing rows of columns, similar to SQL definitions.

In order to configure one table, open the DbContext implementation and insert the following line in the OnModelCreating method:

```
modelBuilder.Entity<Applicant>()
    .ToTable("applicants", "cv")
    .HasKey(p => new { p.Id, p.LastName });
modelBuilder.Entity<Applicant>()
    .ForCassandraSetClusterColumns(s => new { s.LastName });
```

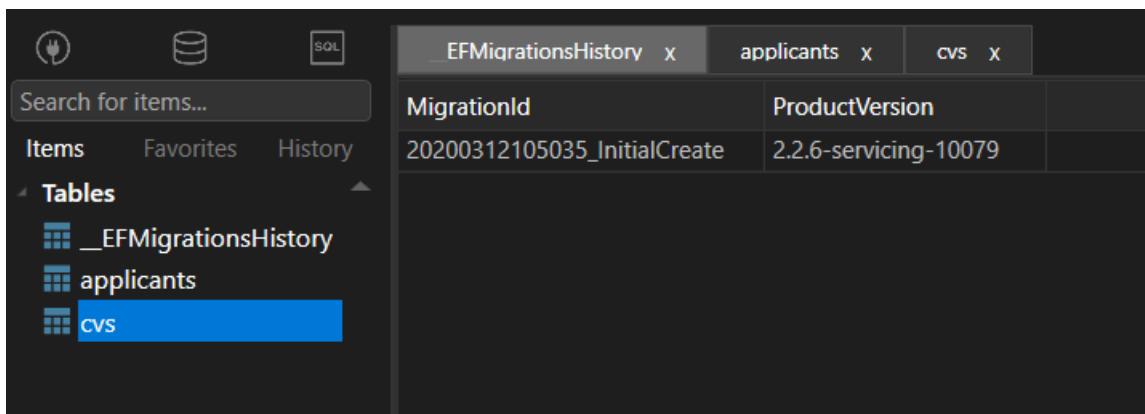
The method ToTable contains two parameters:

- Table name.
- Keyspace name.

1.3 Add migrations

Once the DbContext implementation is configured, run the command `dotnet ef migrations add InitialCreate` to add migration scripts. Run the command `dotnet ef database update` to deploy the migration scripts.

With the **TablePlus** tool you should see something like this:



1.4 CRUD operations

Once everything is set up, you can start playing with the `DbContext`, use LINQ to run operations like `Create`, `Delete`, `Update` or `Select`:

```
using (var dbContext = new FakeDbContext())
{
    dbContext.Applicants.Add(BuildApplicant());
    dbContext.SaveChanges();
}
```